PHYSICAL RESTRAINT IN SCHOOLS
2017 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Carol Spackman Moss
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to the use of physical restraint in schools.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
<ul> <li>amends provisions related to the infliction of corporal punishment on a student;</li> </ul>
<ul><li>amends provisions related to the use of physical restraint in schools;</li></ul>
▶ amends provisions related to a student who willfully defaces or otherwise $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\text{injures}]$
<u>damages</u> ←Ĥ
school property; and
<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
53A-11-801, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 251
<b>53A-11-802</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 251
53A-11-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
53A-11-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 442



12-21-16 5:35 PM H.B. 92

59	(2) [This section does not prohibit the use of] A school employee may use reasonable
60	and necessary physical restraint [or force] in self defense or when otherwise appropriate to the
61	circumstances to:
62	(a) obtain possession of a weapon or other dangerous object in the possession or under
63	the control of a [child] student;
64	(b) protect [the child] a student or another [person] individual from physical injury;
65	(c) remove from a situation a [child] student who is violent [or disruptive]; or
66	(d) protect property from being damaged, when physical safety is at risk.
67	(3) Nothing in this section prohibits a school employee from using less intrusive
68	means, including a physical escort, to address circumstances described in Subsection (2).
69	[(3)] (4) (a) Any rule, ordinance, policy, practice, or directive which purports to direct
70	or permit the commission of an act prohibited by this part is void and unenforceable.
71	(b) An employee may not be subjected to any sanction for failure or refusal to commit
72	an act prohibited under this part.
73	[(4)] (5) A parochial or private school that does not receive state funds to provide for
74	the education of a student may exempt itself from the provisions of this section by adopting a
75	policy to that effect and notifying the parents or guardians of [children] students in the school
76	of the exemption.
76a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (6)$ This section does not apply to a law enforcement officer as defined in
76b	<u>Section 53-13-103.</u> ←Ĥ
77	Section 3. Section <b>53A-11-806</b> is amended to read:
78	53A-11-806. Defacing or Ĥ→ [injuring] damaging ←Ĥ school property Student's
78a	liability Work
79	program alternative.
80	(1) $[Any]$ $\underline{A}$ student who willfully defaces or otherwise $\hat{H} \rightarrow [injures]$ $\underline{damages} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ any
80a	school property
81	may be suspended or otherwise disciplined.
82	(2) (a) [Any school district whose] If a school's property has been lost or willfully cut,
83	defaced, or otherwise $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{injured}}] \underline{\mathbf{damaged}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} [\underline{\mathbf{may}}]$ , the school may withhold the issuance of
83a	an official written
84	grade [reports] report, diploma, [and transcripts] or transcript of the student responsible for the
85	damage or loss until the student or the student's parent or guardian has paid for the damages.

(3) (a) If the student and the student's parent or guardian are unable to pay for the damages or if it is determined by the school in consultation with the student's [parents] parent

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Section 78A-6-1113.

(b) The student's parent or guardian is liable for damages as otherwise provided in